

**MEMORANDUM**

**REVISION 66 AND 67, SERIES C**

**TO:** Holders of CSA Rule Books

**FROM:** Career Service Board

**DATE:** December 21, 2012

**SUBJECT:** Revision of Career Service Rule 9 **PAY ADMINISTRATION** and addition of Career Service Rule 9-64 Forensic Pathology Fellow Program Director Stipend

**Rule 9 been revised as follows:**

- **The requirement that agencies document reasons for additional pay when new employees are hired at above the mid-point of range or existing employees receive more than an 8% pay increase upon promotion has been eliminated.**
- **Sections 9-30 through 9-60 have been re-organized to group similar rules together:**
  - ✓ **Section 9-60 Pay Differentials will be broken into a section covering differentials and a section covering stipends.**
  - ✓ **Section 9-40 Work Assignment Outside of Job Classification will be moved to the stipend section.**
  - ✓ **Section 9-50 Recruitment and Retention Pay will be broken up between Section 9-30 Changes in Classification and Pay and the new sections on stipends and differentials.**
  - ✓ **The bilingual services differential will be re-named to be the bilingual services stipend.**
  - ✓ **Rule 9-64 has been added to the rule, allowing the Office of the Medical Examiner to pay a stipend to the Forensic Pathologist assigned to run the Medical Examiner's Fellowship program for pathologist interns.**

	<b><u>Page Number</u></b>	<b><u>Issuance Dates</u></b>
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<b>Replace:</b>	9-1 through 9-15.3	December 21, 2012

**PLEASE INSERT IN YOUR RULE BOOK AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. THANK YOU.**

**RULE 9  
PAY ADMINISTRATION**

Purpose statement

The purpose of this rule is to explain the establishment and administration of pay practices (except merit increases and merit payments), and hours of work.

Section 9-5 Definitions

(Revised effective October 17, 2010; Rule Revision Memo 47C)

- A. Classification series: The arrangement in sequence of classes that are alike in the kind but not in level. For the purposes of a market adjustment within the salary range, a classification series shall include first line supervisors and lead workers.
  
- B. Demotion: An appointment of an employee to a position in a classification in which the range minimum of the pay grade of the new classification is lower than the range minimum of the classification previously held.
  
- C. Emergency: An emergency shall include the following events: fire, flood, catastrophe, severe weather conditions that impact public safety or essential services; other unforeseeable emergency where a station must be staffed and another employee is not available for work; or an occurrence affecting the general public which requires immediate action. A declared emergency shall mean an emergency declared by the Mayor or an appointing authority that complies with the definition of emergency stated above (Revised effective June 17, 2011; Rules Revision Memo 55C).
  
- D. Essential city services: The determination of what constitutes an essential City service shall be made at the discretion of appointing authorities (Revised effective June 17, 2011; Rules Revision Memo 55C).
  
- E. Market Conditions: Factors and trends in the market as determined by a compensation analysis that may affect compensation rates such as the supply and demand of workers.
  
- F. Pay Factors: Appointing authorities who wish to hire employees at higher than the range midpoint, or increase the salary of promoted employees by more than 8.0%, or provide an equity adjustment, shall base that decision on one or more of the following pay factors (Revised effective December 21, 2012; Rules Revision Memo 66C):
  - 1. Market conditions;
  - 2. Related experience;
  - 3. Previous work record;
  - 4. Salary history;

5. Specialization of education;
  6. Quality/quantity of education.
  7. Internal equity;
  8. Level of responsibility accepted;
- G. Promotion: An appointment of an employee to a position in a classification in which the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification is higher than the range minimum of the pay range of the classification previously held.
- H. Re-allocation: The formal process of assigning an existing position to its proper classification on the basis of the duties performed and the responsibilities exercised.
- I. Promotional re-instatement: A promotion of an employee resulting from referral from a re-instatement list (Effective January 20, 2012, Rule Revision Memo 57C).
- J. Re-instatement: An appointment of a laid off employee resulting from referral from a re-instatement list (Effective January 20, 2012, Rule Revision Memo 57C).
- K. Re-promotion: A promotion of an employee to a position in a higher classification in which the employee was previously employed within the preceding five (5) years, or to a successor classification; or to any classification for which the employee is qualified, with the same or intervening range minimum as the former classification. Appointments that meet the definition of a promotional re-instatement are not re-promotions.
- L. Transfer: An appointment of an employee to one classification from another, if the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification is the same as the range minimum of the pay range of the classification previously held.

#### Section 9-6 Designees

Appointing authorities, including the Career Service Personnel Director (“Personnel Director”), may delegate any authority given to them under this Rule 9 to a subordinate employee.

#### Section 9-10 Pay practices

- A. Pay practices include, but are not limited to items such as pay when first employed, changes in pay resulting from changes in position or classification, differentials, overtime pay, standby pay, merit increases and merit payments.
- B. The kind and level of pay practices for Career Service employees shall be determined by the Career Service Board (“Board”) following a survey of other employers or based on the City’s needs.
- C. Applicability to Deputy Sheriffs: None of the provisions of this Rule 9 shall apply to employees who hold positions in classifications in the Undersheriff pay schedules.

### Section 9-20 Pay When First Employed

(Revised effective December 21, 2012; Rules Revision Memo 66C)

- A. An appointing authority may set pay for a new employee higher than the range minimum (but not to exceed the range maximum of the applicable pay range) if necessary to obtain the services of an unusually well-qualified person.
- B. The appointing authority may decide to appoint an employee at a pay rate higher than the range minimum if the appointing authority determines that one or more of the pay factors defined in this Rule 9 justify such a starting salary. In any event, qualifications of the new employee should exceed the minimum qualifications stated in the classification specification, and internal equity shall be considered .

### Section 9-30 Changes in Classification and Pay

(Revised effective October 17, 2010; Rule Revision Memo 47C)

A change in an employee's classification may occur through promotion, transfer, demotion, return from promotional probation, re-allocation, or re-instatement.

#### 9-31 Promotion and re-promotion

- A. Upon promotion an employee's pay shall be increased by at least six and nine-tenths percent (6.9%). In no event shall the pay upon promotion be lower than the range minimum or exceed the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification.
- B. The appointing authority may increase an employee's pay by more than eight percent (8%) upon promotion, if the appointing authority determines that one or more of the pay factors defined in this Rule 9 justify such an increase (Revised effective December 21, 2012; Rules Revision Memo 66C).
- C. Within the short range pay schedule the employee's pay shall be increased by five percent (5%), but not to exceed the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification.
- D. Demotion and subsequent re-promotion:
  - 1. If an employee demotes without a loss in pay, that employee is not eligible for an increase in pay upon re-promotion if such re-promotion occurs within twelve months following the date of the demotion.
  - 2. In all other circumstances, an employee being re-promoted will have their pay set under the provisions of paragraph 9-31 A.

### 9-32 Transfers

When an employee transfers, the employee shall receive the same pay as before the transfer, unless that would be more than the range maximum of the new pay range of the new classification. In that case the employee's pay shall be set at the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification.

### 9-33 Demotion

#### A. Voluntary demotion:

1. A voluntary demotion is a demotion initiated through the request or application of an employee.
2. When an employee voluntarily demotes, pay shall be set by the appointing authority and shall not be decreased by more than six and nine-tenths percent (6.9%), unless doing so is necessary to keep the employee's pay from exceeding the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification. Before the pay can be set at a pay rate higher than the employee's current pay rate, the Personnel Director's prior approval will be required.

#### B. Demotion in lieu of lay-off: Upon a demotion in lieu of lay-off, the employee shall continue to receive the pay rate he or she earned before the demotion unless this exceeds the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification, in which case the employee shall receive the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification.

#### C. Involuntary demotion:

(Revised effective July 19, 2012; Rules Revision Memo 64C)

1. An involuntary demotion is a demotion initiated:
  - a. Through disciplinary action in accordance with Rule 16 **DISCIPLINE AND DISMISSAL**; or
  - b. In lieu of separation during employment probation in accordance with Rule 5 **APPOINTMENTS AND STATUS**.
2. When an employee is involuntarily demoted, pay shall be set by the appointing authority. At least a six and nine-tenths percent (6.9%) reduction shall be required.

#### D. In no event shall the pay upon demotion be lower than the range minimum or exceed the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification.

#### 9-34 Return from Promotional Probation

When an employee is returned from promotional probation, the employee shall receive the same pay the employee was receiving before the promotion. However, this amount shall be adjusted to take into account the effect of any pay changes (such as a merit increase) or classification changes to the employee's former classification that occurred during the period after the promotion and before the return from promotional probation.

#### 9-35 Re-allocation

- A. When a position is re-allocated to another classification, the incumbent shall receive the same pay as before the re-allocation unless that would be less than the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification. In that case the employee's pay shall be set at the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification. If the employee's pay is higher than the range maximum of the pay range of the new classification, the employee's pay shall remain at the employee's existing rate of pay until such time that either:
1. The employee changes positions; or
  2. The pay range of the new classification catches up to the employee's rate of pay when the pay range is adjusted.
- B. When an employee meets the requirements to progress to a higher classification in a current delegated progressive classification series and the Personnel Director approves the progression to the higher classification, the employee's pay shall be increased by two and one quarter percent (2.25%). In no event shall the employee receive less than the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification.
- C. When a classification is changed to a different occupational group, pay grade, and/or pay range as the result of a re-allocation as described in Rule 7 **CLASSIFICATION**, the pay for employees in that classification shall remain the same as it was before the re-allocation. In no event shall an employee receive less than the range minimum of the pay range of the new classification.

#### 9-36 Re-instatement Appointment or Promotional Re-instatement Appointment

Upon re-instatement or promotional re-instatement, either after lay-off or after demotion in lieu of lay-off, an employee's pay shall be set at the rate of pay the employee received immediately prior to such lay-off or demotion in lieu of lay-off. If payment at this rate would result in a decrease in pay for a current City employee, the pay rate shall be set at the employee's present rate of pay. In no event shall the pay rate be lower than the range minimum of the pay range.

9-37 Counter offer (Revised effective May 20, 2008; Rule Revision Memo 28C; renumbered effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C):

- A. A counter offer may be made for any of the reasons listed below:
  - 1. To retain an employee whose skills, knowledge or abilities are deemed essential to the mission of the City or a department or agency;
  - 2. To avoid recruiting and training costs when those costs clearly exceed the costs of a counter offer;
  - 3. When it has been determined that turnover rates in a classification exceed the calculated turnover rate for that occupational group or classification and pay has been determined to be a significant cause; or
  - 4. When the vacancy rate within a classification reaches a level where additional loss of personnel may interfere with the City's ability to provide adequate levels of services to the public.
  
- B. An appointing authority may make a counter offer to an employee when the following conditions have been met:
  - 1. The base salary and employee benefits the employee will receive at the prospective employer are greater than the base salary and employee benefits the employee is currently receiving from the City;
  - 2. The counter offer does not exceed the range maximum of the pay range the employee occupies at the time the offer is extended; (Revised effective October 17, 2010; Rule Revision Memo 47C)
  - 3. The prospective employer is not a department or agency of the City; and
  - 4. The appointing authority has verified the authenticity of all job offers which constitute the basis for a counter offer.
  
- C. The appointing authority shall submit a copy of the written offer of employment from the prospective employer with the Personnel Action Form.

9-38 Interim market adjustments

(Renumbered effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C)

- A. The Board, following a public hearing, may make a market adjustment in a pay practice, or create a temporary pay practice, if the Board finds that all of the following conditions exist:
1. Numerous vacancies exist in the classification(s) that will be affected by the proposed pay practice;
  2. Recruitment has not been effective;
  3. Retention rate is low; and
  4. Market driven personnel shortages in the classification(s) are causing difficulty in fulfilling an essential mission of the City.
- B. An interim market adjustment shall remain in effect for up to one (1) year. Nothing in this subparagraph prevents a new market adjustment from being established for the same classification(s), provided that all of the requirements of the previous subparagraph are met.

9-39 Pay adjustment within the salary range (Revised effective September 21, 2010; Rules Revision Memo 48C; renumbered effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C):

- A. An appointing authority may adjust pay for an existing employee, within that employee's current salary range, if the purpose is to eliminate pay inequity created by external market conditions, so long as the existing employee's pay is being compared with the pay of a subsequent hire from outside the City in the same department or agency if the following conditions are met:
1. Employees at or above the level of Manager 1 are eligible for this pay adjustment only if the subsequent hire is also at or above the level of Manager 1.
  2. Other employees are eligible for this pay adjustment if the subsequent hire is;
    - a. In the same classification; or
    - b. In the same classification series or
    - c. In a classification in the same occupational group within the same career path performing similar types of duties; or
    - d. Subordinate to the existing employee in the existing employee's chain of command.

3. The effective date of the subsequent hire's employment occurred no more than one year before the request for the pay adjustment is made to the Personnel Director. Exceptions to this limitation may be granted by the Personnel Director upon good cause shown.
- B. A pay adjustment within the salary range requires the approval of the Personnel Director. The effective date of any such pay adjustment shall be the beginning of the work week following approval by the Personnel Director.
- C. The appointing authority's request for approval shall explain how external market conditions have caused the pay inequity between the existing employee's pay and that of the subsequent hire. This explanation should include information about how pay factors (as defined in this Rule 9) have affected the pay inequity between the two employees.

#### Section 9-50 Pay Differentials and Pay Practices

(Renumbered effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C)

#### 9-51 Shift Differential

(Revised effective September 14, 2008; Rules Revision Memo 31C)

- A. Employee eligibility:
  1. Employees in classifications in non-exempt pay schedules are eligible for shift differential, unless the employee is eligible for the health care differential as provided in this Rule 9 **PAY ADMINISTRATION**.
  2. Employees in classifications in exempt pay schedules are not eligible for shift differential, unless the employee is in a classification:
    - a. In which the Board has approved overtime based on community practice (unless also eligible for the health care differential as provided in this Rule 9 **PAY ADMINISTRATION**); or
    - b. Which is a first-line supervisory classification in which the employee's primary duties include the direct supervision of employees who have no subordinate supervisors and are receiving shift differential for the time the employee is supervising them.
  3. Employees in classifications in the short range or community rate pay schedules are not eligible for shift differential.
  4. The Personnel Director, upon the request of an appointing authority, may allow a department or agency to exclude otherwise eligible employees from receiving shift differential based on community practice. Requests based on other reasons require submission by the Personnel Director to and approval by the Board.

- B. The following rates shall be paid for shift differential:
1. Night rate: Twelve percent (12%) of the current hourly rate of pay.
  2. Evening rate: Seven percent (7%) of the current hourly rate of pay.
- C. Shift differential shall be paid for all hours worked by an eligible employee in a work day under the following conditions:
1. If at least half of the hours worked occur between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. the employee shall receive the night rate;
  2. If at least half of the hours worked occur between 3 p.m. and 11 p.m. the employee shall receive the evening rate, unless the other half of the hours worked occur between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m., in which case the employee will receive the night rate.
  3. If neither subparagraphs 1 or 2 are applicable, but at least half of the hours worked occur between 3 p.m. and 7 a.m., the employee shall receive the applicable rate for the period in which a majority of the hours occur. If these hours are evenly divided between 3 p.m. and 11 p.m. and 11 p.m. and 7 a.m., the employee shall receive the night rate.
- D. Shift differential shall not be paid during any period of paid or unpaid leave.

#### 9-52 Equipment Differential

- A. Eligibility:
1. Equipment differential shall be paid to employees who are temporarily assigned to operate equipment, which is at a higher level classification than the employee's current classification, and who are not receiving additional pay for a work assignment outside of job classification.
  2. Employees in on-call positions and in classifications listed in the short-range pay schedule shall be entitled to equipment differential.
- B. Equipment differential shall be paid under the following conditions:
1. The equipment being operated is on the Board's approved equipment list for payment of equipment differential.
  2. Assignment in the higher level classification must last for less than thirty (30) days. If all authorized limited positions for a term of nine (9) months or less are filled, the thirty-(30) day limit is waived.

- C. The pay shall be ten percent (10%) of the current hourly rate of pay for each hour worked in the next higher level classification. The pay shall be fifteen percent (15%) of the current hourly rate of pay for each hour worked in the second higher level classification and above.
- D. The total base pay for any pay period, excluding overtime and shift differential, shall not exceed the range maximum of the higher level classification. (Revised effective October 17, 2010; Rule Revision Memo 47C)

9-53 Health Care Differential

- A. Career Service employees who are employed by Denver Health and Hospital Authority ("DHHA") in classifications in the Health Technical and Related Support, Health Professional, and Doctors occupational groups are eligible for health care differentials paid to comparable classifications at DHHA.
- B. The differentials, eligibility criteria and rates shall be established by DHHA.

9-54 Heavy Equipment Mechanic Trainer Differential  
(Effective June 23, 2008; Rule Revision Memo 29C)

- A. A Heavy Equipment Mechanic ("HEM") who is assigned HEM trainer duties by an appointing authority shall be eligible for a differential of \$2.25 per hour for all time spent performing HEM trainer duties (but not to exceed four hundred hours per calendar year).
- B. The appointing authority shall select eligible HEM trainers through a formal process that shall include submission of an application, a formal interview, and demonstration and evaluation of technical skills.
- C.
  - 1. The appointing authority shall provide a training plan which shall include the criteria that will be used for selecting HEM trainers to the Personnel Director for approval.
  - 2. The appointing authority shall provide the name(s) of any eligible employee(s) to the CSA prior to payment of the differential.
- D. An appointing authority may terminate the assignment of training duties to an employee at any time. The appointing authority shall notify the CSA when an employee is no longer assigned training duties.

9-55 Standby Pay

(Revised effective July 25, 2006; Rules Revision Memo 11C)

- A. Appointing authorities may schedule employees to be on standby duty only when there is a reasonable anticipation that the employee will have to respond and perform work immediately. Eligible employees shall receive an amount equal to one and one half (1 1/2) hours of work at the employee's straight time hourly rate for each eight hours the employee is on standby duty.
- B. To be eligible for standby pay, the employee must be:
  - 1. Eligible for overtime under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") or under paragraphs A, B or D of subsection 9-93 Overtime Exceptions;
  - 2. Scheduled to be available by pager, cellular phone, or telephone;
  - 3. Required to respond to a call and perform work within a designated amount of time not to exceed two hours;
  - 4. In a non-impaired condition that allows the employee to safely perform job duty assignments; and
  - 5. Subject to disciplinary action if he or she does not respond to the call within the designated amount of time.
- C. When an eligible employee on standby is required to perform work, standby pay will be suspended and the employee will be paid basic pay or overtime pay, as appropriate, for the period the employee actually performs work.
- D. An employee who merely carries a cellular telephone or pager as a routine part of his or her job duties is not eligible for standby pay unless all of the conditions set forth in paragraph B of this subsection are met.

9-56 Call Back Pay

- A. Overtime eligible employees required by the appointing authority to report back to the work site shall be paid a minimum amount equal to two (2) hours of work at the employee's scheduled rate of pay from the time the employee begins work.
- B. Employees who work more than two hours shall be paid for the actual time worked.

Section 9-60 Stipends and Other Payments

(Renumbered effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C)

9-61 Golf Lesson Stipend

(Effective March 12, 2007; Rule Revision Memo 16C:

Revised effective May 11, 2011; Rule Revision Memo 52C)

A. The Manager of Parks and Recreation may allow eligible employees to receive a Golf Lesson Stipend for lessons conducted at City-owned golf facilities, subject to the following conditions:

1. The employee must have passed either level one of the Professional Golf Association (PGA) Apprenticeship training or the National Education Program 1 of the Ladies Professional Golf Association (LPGA) apprenticeship program, and either be enrolled in the PGA or LPGA apprenticeship program or have a valid PGA or LPGA membership.
2. The Department of Parks and Recreation retains the right to revoke eligibility for the stipend for any business-related reason, at any time.
3. The employee has the responsibility for the following;
  - a. Selling and booking the lesson;
  - b. Collecting the fees; and
  - c. Conducting the lesson.
4. All lessons must be entered into and tracked by the golf course's point of sale system, or other tracking system as specified by management.
5. All lessons must be conducted at a time that does not interfere with the employee's job duties. The employee is responsible for completing their assigned schedule each week, not including time spent teaching lessons.
6. Golf Lesson Stipends will be considered as compensation and included as reportable income.

B. Amount of Stipend

1. Exempt employees:
  - a. The only compensation the employee will receive for time spent teaching golf lessons is the Golf Lesson Stipend.
  - b. The City shall retain sixteen percent (16%) of the fee charged.
  - c. Eighty-four percent (84%) of the fee will be paid to the employee as a Golf Lesson Stipend.

2. Non-exempt employees:
  - a. Non-exempt employees will receive their normal hourly rate of pay for time spent conducting lessons in addition to the Golf Lesson Stipend.
  - b. The City shall retain forty percent (45%) of the fee charged.
  - c. Fifty-five percent (55%) of the fee will be paid to the employee as a Golf Lesson Stipend.
3. The City portion of the fee will include the cost of golf balls.
4. Stipends will be paid on collected revenue only.

9-62 Child Welfare Stipend

(Revised effective February 5, 2012, Rule Revision Memo 58C)

A. State law requires the Department of Human Services to have staff available twenty-four (24) hours a day to receive reports of abuse and neglect, conduct initial assessments of such reports that are deemed emergencies, and investigate those reports that are appropriate for child protective services. In order to meet this requirement, the Manager of Human Services may schedule eligible employees to be available to respond to emergency calls at night, weekends, mandated furlough days and holidays. Employees so scheduled will be entitled to receive a Child Welfare Stipend as provided below. An employee who is scheduled to respond to emergency calls is expected to:

1. Be available by telephone;
2. Be in a non-impaired condition that allows the employee to safely perform job duty assignments; and
3. Respond to a call and perform work within a designated amount of time not to exceed;
  - a. Fifteen (15) minutes for After-hours Administrators.
  - b. Ten (10) minutes for After-hours Call Takers.
  - c. Forty-five (45) minutes for After-hours Responders.

Employees who are scheduled to respond to emergency calls and fail to meet these expectations may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

- B. The Manager reserves the right to refuse to schedule an employee to respond to emergency calls. An employee who is scheduled to respond to emergency calls will not be allowed to have his or her regularly scheduled shift before or after the assigned emergency response duties adjusted. However, the employee's supervisor may allow the employee to use paid or unpaid leave in order to catch up on missed sleep, as appropriate.
- C. To be eligible for the Child Welfare Stipend, the employee must:
1. Have a minimum of one (1) year of child welfare experience at the type and level of Social Case Worker; and
  2. Be exempt from overtime under Federal law and the Career Service Rules (employees who are eligible for overtime may receive standby pay as provided in the Career Service Rules).
  3. In order to be eligible to be assigned After-hours Administrator duties, the employee must be at least at the type and level of Social Case Worker Supervisor.
- D. After-hours emergency response duties will be divided and paid as follows:
1. After-hours Administrator. Supervises the After-hours Call Taker and the After-hours Responder. After-hours Administrator duties will be assigned a week at a time. Employees assigned After-hour Administrator duties during a week in which a holiday or mandated furlough day occurs will receive a \$300 Child Welfare Stipend for that week. Employees assigned After-hour Administrator duties during any other week will receive a \$150 Child Welfare Stipend per week.
  2. After-hours Call Taker. Answers after-hours hotline calls (nights only) and determines an appropriate response after consulting with the After-hours Administrator. After-hours Call Taker duties will be assigned a night at a time. Employees will not be assigned After-hours Call Taker duties more than twice a week or more than eight times a month. Employees assigned After-hours Call Taker duties on a holiday or mandated furlough day will receive a \$150 Child Welfare Stipend for that night. Employees assigned After-hours Call Taker duties on any other day will receive a \$75 Child Welfare Stipend per night.
  3. After-hours Responder. Responds to emergency after-hours calls at the direction of the After-hours Administrator or After-hours Call Taker. After-hours Responder duties will be assigned a shift at a time (including night shift, weekend day shift, mandated furlough day shift or holiday day shift). Employees will not be assigned After-hours Responder duties more than twice a week or more than eight times a month. Employees assigned After-hours Responder duties on a holiday or mandated furlough day will receive a \$150 Child Welfare Stipend per shift. Employees assigned After-hours Responder duties on any other day will receive a \$75 Child Welfare Stipend per shift.

- E. The City is required by Federal law to treat exempt employees like non-exempt employees during a week in which the exempt employee takes an unpaid furlough. If an exempt employee is assigned after-hours emergency response duties during a week in which a mandated furlough is scheduled to occur, the employee shall be required to work on the mandated furlough day, and take an unpaid furlough day during another week that year in which the employee has not been assigned after-hours emergency response duties. If an exempt employee does take a furlough day during a week in which the employee has been assigned after-hours emergency response duties, the employee will be paid for all time spent performing emergency response duties in addition to the stipend provided by this rule.

9-63 Bilingual Services Stipend

(Revised effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 66C)

- A. An appointing authority may pay an employee bilingual services stipend if the following conditions have been met:
  - 1. The appointing authority has determined that the employee's position requires that the employee use bilingual skills thirty-five percent (35%) or more of the time;
  - 2. The classification specification for the employee's classification does not require bilingual skills for all incumbents of that classification; and
  - 3. The employee demonstrates a proficiency in the second language, according to procedures established by the Personnel Director.
- B. The effective date of the bilingual services stipend shall be the beginning of the first work week following receipt of an appointing authority's request to determine bilingual proficiency by CSA, or following the employee's demonstration of proficiency in a second language, whichever date is later.
- C. Employees who are eligible for bilingual services stipend shall receive a stipend based on the level of proficiency demonstrated by that employee:
  - 1. Fifty dollars (\$50) per pay period for basic conversational skills;
  - 2. Seventy five dollars (\$75) per pay period for proficiency in the language in both speaking and writing or reading; and
  - 3. One hundred dollars (\$100) per pay period for expert proficiency in the language which includes translation skills.

- D. Employees in part time positions shall have bilingual stipend pro-rated as follows, based on the amount of hours actually worked in a pay period:

	<u>BASIC</u>	<u>MID-LEVEL</u>	<u>EXPERT</u>
80 hours or more	\$50.00	\$75.00	\$100.00
60-79 hours	\$37.50	\$56.25	\$ 75.00
40-59 hours	\$25.00	\$37.50	\$ 50.00
20-39 hours	\$12.50	\$18.75	\$ 25.00
Less than 20 hours	\$ 5.00	\$10.00	\$ 15.00

- E. When an employee changes positions and the language skills are not a requirement of the new position, the bilingual services stipend shall cease.

9-64 Forensic Pathology Fellow Program Director Stipend

(Revised effective December 21, 2012; Rule Revision Memo 67C)

- A. The City and County of Denver's Office of the Medical Examiner operates a teaching fellowship program in which recent graduates of an accredited pathology program receive training in forensic pathology.
- B. The Chief Medical Examiner has the authority to assume the responsibility of directing this program or to assign this responsibility to any Forensic Pathologist who meets the criteria for program director established by the University of Colorado and the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME).
- C. As compensation for the additional duties required to direct this program, the Chief Medical Examiner may pay the Forensic Pathologist who is assigned and performing all of the duties of directing the Forensic Pathology Fellow Program additional pay equal to six and nine-tenths percent (6.9%) above his or her regular base pay.
- D. The duties of the Forensic Pathology Fellow Program Director include:
1. Ensuring that the Fellowship Program complies with University of Colorado and ACGME accreditation requirements;
  2. Recruiting Forensic Pathology Fellows for the program;
  3. Maintaining the program's educational curriculum; and
  4. Mentoring and supervising the Forensic Pathologist Fellow(s).

9-65 Work Assignment Outside of Job Classification  
(Revised effective May 20, 2008; Rule Revision Memo 28C)

- A. An appointing authority may temporarily assign the duties of a vacant position in a higher level classification to an employee in a lower level classification for a period of one year in accordance with the criteria established in this rule. Assignments for periods longer than one year require the approval of the Personnel Director.
- B.
  - 1. Employees are eligible for additional pay for such assignments when they have been assigned all of the duties and responsibilities of the vacant position in the higher level classification;
  - 2. Additional pay for work outside of an employee's job classification shall start at the beginning of the work week following the fifteenth day of the temporary assignment, and continue for the duration of the assignment.
- C. The employee shall receive additional pay equal to six and nine-tenths percent (6.9%) above his or her regular base pay, unless the employee is receiving equipment differential.
- D.
  - 1. The employee's job classification will not change as a result of a temporary assignment of higher level job duties and responsibilities. Employees receiving additional pay for working outside of their assigned classification shall not be eligible for re-allocation to the higher level classification.
  - 2. If an employee receives a merit increase during the temporary assignment, the pay for the work assignment outside of job classification shall be re-calculated based on the employee's base pay including the merit increase. The re-calculated pay shall be effective on the effective date of the merit increase. (Revised effective January 1, 2011; Rule Revision Memo 51C)
- E. Upon completion of the temporary assignment, the employee's pay shall return to the employee's base pay prior to the temporary assignment, including any merit increase awarded during the temporary assignment.
- F. Pay for work outside of an employee's job classification does not impact subsequent pay for promotion, demotion or any other personnel action.

9-66 Recruitment premium (Revised effective May 20, 2008; Rule Revision Memo 28C)

A department or agency may pay a one-time premium of up to \$4,000 to attract a highly qualified external candidate whose skills, knowledge and/or abilities are deemed essential to the mission of the City. The request must be approved by the Budget and Management office prior to extending the bonus offer. The candidate will be eligible to receive this bonus upon the completion of employment probation.

9-67 Relocation premium (Revised effective May 20, 2008; Rule Revision Memo 28C)

A department or agency may pay relocation costs of up to \$7,500 to attract a highly qualified external candidate whose skills, knowledge and/or abilities are deemed essential to the mission of the City. The individual receiving the relocation assistance must stay employed by the city for two (2) years. If the individual voluntarily terminates employment prior to serving two (2) years, he or she must repay part of the relocation pay. The basis for repayment shall be pro-rated for each month of service. The Budget and Management office must approve relocation pay and the employee receiving such pay shall sign a form acknowledging their acceptance of the terms of this rule.

Section 9-70 Hours of Work

9-71 Standard Work Week

- A. The five (5) day forty (40) hour week shall be the standard work week for employees of the Career Service.
- B. Standard work hours shall be eight (8) hours per day, excluding the meal period. In certain cases, because of the character of the work, it may be necessary for an employee to be required to eat a meal while working. When the meal period is spent predominantly for the benefit of the City, the employee shall be paid for the entire meal period. (Effective October 10, 2008; Rules Revision Memo 32C)
- C. Appointing authorities shall be responsible for establishing daily work schedules.